# Global Neurology at the forefront of Global Public Health: the World Health Organization resolution on epilepsy and other neurological disorders

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92 On November 12th, the World Health Assembly (WHA), the decision-making body of the 93 World Health Organization (WHO), passed Resolution WHA73.10 for 'global actions on 94 epilepsy and other neurological disorders', which encourages Member States to provide an 95 'integrated (multisectoral) response to epilepsy and other neurological disorders'.<sup>1</sup> This is a 96 landmark for brain health, and specifically global neurology, that recognises the growing 97 burden of neurological disorders, which are the leading cause of disability and the second 98 leading cause of mortality worldwide.<sup>2,3</sup>

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The resolution was initiated by the Russian Federation and supported and co-sponsored by
many Member States across all WHO regions. The development of the resolution was also
advocated for and championed by many patient and professional associations, such as the
International League Against Epilepsy, International Bureau for Epilepsy, World Federation
of Neurology and European Federation of Neurological Associations.

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106 The WHO calls upon its Member States to support the development of an Intersectoral 107 Global Action Plan on Epilepsy and Other Neurological Disorders, including maternal and 108 neonatal/child health, communicable and non-communicable disease management and 109 prevention, and care for the elderly. Due to rapid ageing of the population, climate change 110 and urbanization, especially in low-income and middle-income countries (LMICs), 111 incidences of both endemic neurological infections like encephalitis and non-communicable 112 diseases, including epilepsy, stroke, dementia and traumatic brain injury, are on the rise and 113 environmental risk factors such as air pollution are of great concern. Furthermore, healthcare 114 systems in many LMICs lack the neurological workforce, infrastructure and policies to accommodate a growing number of neurological patients.<sup>4</sup> Supporting a collaborative global 115 116 public health effort to strengthen healthcare systems, especially by enabling access to 117 essential diagnostics and medicines, as well as universal health coverage and creating

118 leadership that enforces policies with a human rights-based approach, Resolution WHA73.10

aims to achieve health equity both within and between LMICs and high-income countries
(HICs).<sup>1</sup>

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122 The WHO resolution highlights the need for evidence-based actions and urges the global 123 community to conduct intersectoral research to improve prevention and diagnosis of 124 neurological disorders, as well as treatment and rehabilitation of patients via appropriate and innovative platforms.<sup>1</sup> The Global COVID-19 Neuro Research Coalition, created in response 125 to the present pandemic, represents one of the few research platforms for global neurology.<sup>5</sup> 126 127 With membership representing >50 institutions worldwide and working in close collaboration 128 with the WHO Brain Health Unit, it will be an asset throughout the development of the WHO 129 Global Action Plan and beyond. Our coalition is prepared to answer the WHO's call to 130 support evidence-based decision making and research-driven progress beyond the COVID-19 131 pandemic. 132 133 Spurred by the COVID-19 pandemic and WHO Resolution WHA73.10, our coalition

134 strongly encourages and supports multinational neuroscience research collaboration and

135 welcomes help from other like-minded brain health initiatives. While such collaboration is

136 urgently needed and especially timely in a pandemic, this current challenge might ultimately

137 serve to catalyse a global effort to improve outcomes and quality of life for people affected

138 by neurological disorders around the world, especially in LMICs.

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140 If you are interested in joining, please contact <u>covid19.neuro@med.tum.de</u>

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